



COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND BUILDING STAFF REPORT

SUBDIVISION REVIEW BOARD

MEETING DATE

CONTACT/PHONE

Nick Forester

APPLICANT

FILE NO.

September 12, 2005

781-1163

Anderson Family Trust

COAL05-004

SUB2004-00190

SUBJECT

Request by the Anderson Family Trust for a Lot Line Adjustment to adjust the lot lines between two parcels of 78.86 and 43.39 acres each. The adjustment will result in two parcels of 82.25 and 40.0 acres each. The project will not result in the creation of any additional parcels. The proposed project is within the Agriculture land use category and is located at 6460 Cressey Street, adjacent to the community of Creston. The site is in the El Pomar planning area.

RECOMMENDED ACTION

- Adopt the Negative Declaration in accordance with the applicable provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act, Public Resources Code Section 21000 et seq.
- Approve Lot Line Adjustment COAL05-0049 based on the findings listed in Exhibit A and the conditions 2. listed in Exhibit B

ENVIRONMENTAL DETERMINATION

The Environmental Coordinator, after completion of the initial study, finds that there is no substantial evidence that the project may have a significant effect on the environment, and the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report is not necessary. Therefore, a Mitigated Negative Declaration(ED04-494) (pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 21000 et seg., and the CA Code of Regulations Section 15000 et seg.) has been issued on June 28, 2005 for this project. Mitigation measures are proposed to address public services/utilities, recreation, noise and waste water.

LAND USE CATEGORY
Agriculture

COMBINING DESIGNATION

ASSESSOR PARCEL NUMBER

SUPERVISOR DISTRICT

Flood Hazard

043-051-026

5

PLANNING AREA STANDARDS:

None Applicable

LAND USE ORDINANCE STANDARDS:

L.U.O section 22.22.040-Subdivision design, agriculture catagory

EXISTING USES:

Residences and accessory structures

SURROUNDING LAND USE CATEGORIES AND USES:

North: Agriculture/residence

East: Residential Single Family/residence

South: Agriculture/Dry Farm Grain

West: Agriculture/Dry Farm Grain

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION MAY BE OBTAINED BY CONTACTING THE DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING & BUILDING AT: COUNTY GOVERNMENT CENTER ◆ SAN LUIS OBISPO ◆ CALIFORNIA 93408 ◆ (805) 781-5600 ◆ FAX: (805) 781-1242



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OTHER AGENCY / ADVISORY GROUP INVOLVEMENT: The project was referred to: Santa Margarita Community Advisory Group, Public Works, Environmental He Ag Commissioner.					
тородгарну: Gentle slope	VEGETATION: grasses				
PROPOSED SERVICES: Water supply: On-site well Sewage Disposal: Individual septic system Fire Protection: CDF	ACCEPTANCE DATE: April 11, 2005				

ORDINANCE COMPLIANCE:

The applicant is proposing to adjust the lot lines between two legal parcels as follows:

EXISTING LOT SIZES (ACRES)	ADJUSTED PARCEL SIZES (ACRES)
43.39 acres	40.00 acres
78.86 acres	82.25 acres

Section 21.02.030 of the Real Property Division Ordinance states that a lot line adjustment shall not be approved or conditionally approved unless the new parcels resulting from the adjustment will maintain a position which is better than, or equal to, the existing situation relative to the county's zoning and building ordinances.

The adjustment will result in the reconfiguration of the two parcels to reflect topography, access and better the potential for agricultural use because the proposed parcel line will follow an existing road, which will minimize dust and impacts to agriculture.

The present use of the land is grazing. According to Section 22.22.040 of the Land Use Ordinance, the minimum parcel size for agricultural land used for grazing is 320 acres. Both existing parcels are legal nonconforming to the present minimum parcel size. Although the 43.39 acre parcel will become less conforming to minimum parcel size by the amount of 3.39 acres, the 78.86 acre parcel will become more conforming to minimum parcel size by the amount of 3.39 acres so the parcels resulting from the adjustment will maintain a position which is better than, or equal to, the existing situation relative to the county's zoning and building ordinances.

Additionally, since the existing property line bisects an existing graded house pad, the proposed lot line will allow the construction of another residence without additional grading and disturbance of Kit fox habitat.

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SB 497

As of January 1, 2002, lot line adjustments are limited to four or fewer existing adjoining parcels. In addition, the new parcels must comply not only with zoning and building regulations, but also with the general plan and any applicable coastal plan. The County's local ordinance allows a determination to be made that the proposed situation is equal to or better than the existing situation. Because the parcel sizes are below minimum parcel size as set through the General Plan and will remain so after the adjustment, staff has concluded that the adjustment is consistent with both state and local law.

LEGAL LOT STATUS:

Certificates of compliance (1999-087207 and 1999-087208) have been issued for the two parcels.

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FINDINGS - EXHIBIT A

Environmental Determination

A. The Environmental Coordinator, after completion of the initial study, finds that there is no substantial evidence that the project may have a significant effect on the environment, and the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report is not necessary. Therefore, a Mitigated Negative Declaration(ED04-494) (pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 21000 et seq., and the CA Code of Regulations Section 15000 et seq.) has been issued on June 28, 2005 for this project. Mitigation measures are proposed to address public services/utilities, recreation, noise and waste water.

Lot Line Adjustment

B. The proposed Lot Line Adjustment is consistent with the provisions of Section 21.02.030 of the Real Property Division Ordinance because the adjustment will result in the reconfiguration of the two parcels to reflect topography, access and better the potential for agricultural use because the proposed parcel line will follow an existing road, which will minimize dust and impacts to the agriculture.

The present use of the land is grazing. According to Section 22.22.040 of the Land Use Ordinance, the minimum parcel size for agricultural land used for grazing is 320 acres. Both existing parcels are legal nonconforming to the present minimum parcel size. Although the 43.39 acre parcel will become less conforming to minimum parcel size by the amount of 3.39 acres, the 78.86 acre parcel will become more conforming to minimum parcel size by the amount of 3.39 acres so the parcels resulting from the adjustment will maintain a position which is better than, or equal to, the existing situation relative to the county's zoning and building ordinances.

The existing property line bisects an existing graded house pad. The proposed lot line will allow the construction of another residence without additional grading and disturbance of Kit fox habitat because the revised line will free up the existing graded house pad.

- C. The proposal will have no adverse effect on adjoining properties, roadways, public improvements, or utilities.
- D. Compliance with the attached conditions will bring the proposed adjustment into conformance with the Subdivision Map Act and Section 21.02.030 of the Real Property Division Ordinance.



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CONDITIONS - EXHIBIT B

- 1. This adjustment may be effectuated by recordation of a parcel map or recordation of certificates of compliance. If a map is filed, it shall show:
 - a. All public utility easements.
 - b. All approved street names.
- 2. Any private easements described in the title report must be shown on the map, with recording data.
- 3. When the map is submitted for checking, or when the certificate of compliance is filed for review, provide a preliminary title report to the County Engineer or the Planning Director for review.
- 4. All conditions of approval herein specified are to be complied with prior to the recordation of the map or certificates of compliance which effectuate the adjustment. Recordation of a map is at the option of the applicant. However, if a map is not filed, recordation of a certificate of compliance is mandatory.
- 5. The map or certificates of compliance shall be filed with the County Recorder prior to transfer of the adjusted portions of the property or the conveyance of the new parcels.
- 6. In order to consummate the adjustment of the lot lines to the new configuration when there is multiple ownerships involved, it is required that the parties involved quitclaim their interest in one another new parcels. Any deeds of trust involving the parcels must also be adjusted by recording new trust deeds concurrently with the map or certificates of compliance.
- 7. If the lot line adjustment is finalized using certificates of compliance, prior to final approval the applicant shall prepay all current and delinquent real property taxes and assessments collected as real property taxes when due prior to final approval.
- 8. The lot line adjustment will expire two years (24 months) from the date of the approval, unless the map or certificates of compliance effectuating the adjustment is recorded first. Adjustments may be granted a single one year extension of time. The applicant must submit a written request with appropriate fees to the Planning Department prior to the expiration date.
- 9. All timeframes on completion of lot line adjustments are measured from the date the Review Authority approves the lot line adjustment map, not from any date of possible reconsideration action
- 10. All parcels shall be provided with legal access from a public road. Easements or offers of dedication with a minimum width of 20 feet shall be recorded for all parcels that currently do not have access. These shall be shown on a map (if a map is used to final the adjustment) or recorded with the certificates of compliance.

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- 11. Prior to recordation of a parcel map or certificates of compliance finalizing the lot line adjustment, the applicant shall enter into an agreement, in a form approved by County Counsel, which includes the following:
- A. Prior to issuance of construction permit, the applicant shall submit a color board for review and approval by the Department of Planning and Building/Division of Environmental and Resource Management. All exterior colors shall be less than 6 in chroma and value meet the following criteria:
 - a) Water tank colors shall be dark-green or black;
 - b) Exterior wall colors shall be limited to muted earth tones; and
 - c) Roof colors shall be limited to deep earth tones, deep muted reds, browns and grays.
- B. Prior to final inspection, the applicant shall implement the approved color board.
- C. Prior to issuance of construction permit, the applicant shall submit a final landscaping plan showing the use of native, drought-tolerant vegetation to screen at least 50% of all proposed structures, including water tanks, from all viewpoints on Highway 229 within three (3) years. The plan shall identify the species, size and location of all proposed vegetation and proposed means of irrigation. The plan shall be prepared by a licensed architect, licensed landscape architect, licensed landscape contractor or certified nurseryperson.
- D. Prior to final inspection, the applicant shall implement the approved landscaping plan.
- E. Prior to final inspection, all lighting fixtures shall be shielded so that neither the lamp or the related reflector interior surface is visible from Highway 229. All lighting poles, fixtures, and hoods shall be dark colored. No exterior lighting shall be installed or operated in a manner that would throw light, either reflected or directly, in an upward direction.
- F. Future development on each parcel will be required to mitigate impacts to San Joaquin kit fox habitat. The Kit Fox Evaluation, which was completed for the project site on April 11, 2002 by Jeff Tupen, Morro Group, Inc., indicates the project will impact San Joaquin kit fox habitat. Based on review by Bob Stafford of the California Department of Fish and Game, all impacts to kit fox habitat be mitigated at a ratio of one acre conserved for each acre impacted (1:1). The mitigation options identified in BR-1 through BR-11 apply to the proposed project only; should the project change, the mitigation obligation may also change, and a reevaluation of the mitigation measures would be required.
- G. Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permits, the applicant shall submit evidence to the County of San Luis Obispo, Department of Planning and Building Environmental Resource and Management Division (County) (see contact information below) that states that one or a combination of the following four San Joaquin kit fox mitigation measures has been implemented:
 - a. Provide for the protection in perpetuity, through acquisition of fee or a conservation easement, suitable habitat in the kit fox corridor area (e.g. within the San Luis Obispo County kit fox habitat area, northwest of Highway 58), either on-



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site or off-site, and provide for a non-wasting endowment to provide for management and monitoring of the property in perpetuity. Lands to be conserved shall be subject to the review and approval of the California Department of Fish and Game (Department) and the County. This mitigation alternative (a.), requires that all aspects of this program must be in place before County permit issuance or initiation of any ground disturbing activities.

- b. Deposit funds into an approved in-lieu fee program, which would provide for the protection in perpetuity of suitable habitat in the kit fox corridor area within San Luis Obispo County, and provide for a non-wasting endowment for management and monitoring of the property in perpetuity. Mitigation alternative (b), can be completed by providing funds to The Nature Conservancy (TNC), pursuant to the Voluntary Fee-based Compensatory Mitigation Program (Program). The Program was established in agreement between the Department and TNC to preserve San Joaquin kit fox habitat, and to provide a voluntary mitigation alternative to project proponents who must mitigate the impacts of projects in accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). The fee, payable to "The Nature Conservancy", would be based on the total area of disturbance from project activities multiplied by \$2,500 per acre. This fee must be paid after the Department provides written notification identifying your mitigation options but prior to County permit issuance and initiation of any ground disturbing activities.
- c. Purchase credits in a Department-approved conservation bank, which would provide for the protection in perpetuity of suitable habitat within the kit fox corridor area and provide for a non-wasting endowment for management and monitoring of the property in perpetuity. At this time, there is no approved conservation bank that is operational in San Luis Obispo County. A conservation bank is expected to be operational in the near future. Purchase of credits must be completed prior to County permit issuance and initiation of any ground disturbing activities.
- d. If none of the above measures (a, b, or c) are available, the applicant may enter into a Mitigation Agreement with the Department, including depositing of funds into an escrow account (or other means of securing funds acceptable to the Department) which would ensure the protection in perpetuity of suitable habitat within the kit fox corridor area and provide for a non-wasting endowment for management and monitoring in perpetuity. The Department can provide a draft agreement to review; a signed Mitigation Agreement shall be submitted to the County prior to County permit issuance and initiation of any ground disturbing activities.
- H. Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permits, or conducting any grading associated with map/certificate recordation, the applicant shall provide evidence to the County that they have retained a qualified biologist acceptable to the County Division of Environmental and Resource Management. The retained biologist shall perform the following monitoring activities:
 - a. Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permits and within 30 days prior to initiation of site disturbance and/or construction, the biologist shall conduct a pre-activity (i.e. pre-construction) survey for known or potential kit fox dens and submit a letter to the County reporting the date the survey was conducted, the survey protocol, survey results, and what measures were necessary (and completed), as applicable, to address any kit fox activity within the project limits.

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- b. The qualified biologist shall conduct weekly site visits during site-disturbance activities (i.e. grading, disking, excavation, stock piling of dirt or gravel, etc.) that proceed longer than 14 days, for the purpose of monitoring compliance with required Mitigation Measures BR-3 through BR11. Site-disturbance activities lasting up to 14 days do not require weekly monitoring by the biologist unless observations of kit fox or their dens are made on-site or the qualified biologist recommends monitoring for some other reason (see BR-2-c3). When weekly monitoring is required, the biologist shall submit weekly monitoring reports to the County.
- c. Prior to or during project activities, if any observations are made of San Joaquin kit fox, or any known or potential San Joaquin kit fox dens are discovered within the project limits, the qualified biologist shall re-assess the probability of incidental take (e.g. harm or death) to kit fox. At the time the den is discovered, the qualified biologist shall contact the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the Department for guidance on possible additional kit fox protection measures to implement and whether or not a Federal and/or State incidental take permit is needed. If a potential den is encountered during construction, all work shall stop until such time the U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service and Department determine that it is appropriate to resume work.

If incidental take of kit fox during project activities is possible, before project activities commence, the applicant must consult with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the Department (see contact information below). The results of this consultation may require the applicant to obtain a Federal and/or State permit for incidental take during project activities. The applicant should be aware that the presence of kit foxes or known or potential kit fox dens at the project site could result in further delays of project activities.

In addition, the qualified biologist shall implement the following measures:

- Within 30 days prior to initiation of site disturbance and/or construction, fenced exclusion zones shall be established around all known and potential kit fox dens. Exclusion zone fencing shall consist of either large flagged stakes connected by rope or cord, or survey laths or wooden stakes prominently flagged with survey ribbon. Each exclusion zone shall be roughly circular in configuration with a radius of the following distance measured outward from the den or burrow entrances:
 - a) Potential kit fox den: 50 feetb) Known kit fox den: 100 feet
 - c) Kit fox pupping den: 150 feet
- 2. All foot and vehicle traffic, as well as all construction activities, including storage of supplies and equipment, shall remain outside of exclusion zones. Exclusion zones shall be maintained until all project-related disturbances have been terminated, and then shall be removed.
- If kit foxes or known or potential kit fox dens are found on site, daily monitoring during ground disturbing activities shall be required by a qualified biologist.

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- I. Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permits, or approval of any improvement plans related to map/certificate recordation, the applicant shall clearly delineate as a note on the project plans, that: "Speeds signs of 25 mph maximum (or lower) shall be posted for all construction traffic, to minimize the probability of road mortality of the San Joaquin kit fox." Speed limit signs shall be installed on the project site within 30 days prior to initiation of site disturbance and/or construction. In addition, prior to permit issuance and initiation of any ground disturbing activities, or any grading associated with map/certificate recordation, conditions BR-3 through BR-11 of the Developer's Statement/Conditions of Approval shall be clearly delineated on project plans.
- J. During the site disturbance and/or construction phase, grading and construction activities after dusk shall be prohibited unless coordinated through the County, during which additional kit fox mitigation measures may be required.
- K. Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permit, and within 30 days prior to initiation of site disturbance and/or construction, all personnel associated with the project shall attend a worker education training program, conducted by a qualified biologist, to avoid or reduce impacts on sensitive biological resources (i.e. San Joaquin kit fox). At a minimum, as the program relates to the kit fox, the training shall include the kit fox's life history, all mitigation measures specified by the county, as well as any related biological report(s) prepared for the project. The applicant shall notify the County shortly prior to this meeting. A kit fox fact sheet shall also be developed prior to the training program, and distributed at the training program to all contractors, employers and other personnel involved with the construction of the project.
- L. During the site-disturbance and/or construction phase, to prevent entrapment of the San Joaquin kit fox, all excavation, steep-walled holes or trenches in excess of two feet in depth shall be covered at the close of each working day by plywood or similar materials, or provided with one or more escape ramps constructed of earth fill or wooden planks. Trenches shall also be inspected for entrapped kit fox each morning prior to onset of field activities and immediately prior to covering with plywood at the end of each working day. Before such holes or trenches are filled, they shall be thoroughly inspected for entrapped kit fox. Any kit fox so discovered shall be allowed to escape before field activities resume, or removed from the trench or hole by a qualified biologist and allowed to escape unimpeded.
- M. During the site-disturbance and/or construction phase, any pipes, culverts, or similar structures with a diameter of four inches or greater, stored overnight at the project site shall be thoroughly inspected for trapped San Joaquin kit foxes before the subject pipe is subsequently buried, capped, or otherwise used or moved in any way. If during the construction phase a kit fox is discovered inside a pipe, that section of pipe will not be moved, or if necessary, be moved only once to remove it from the path of activity, until the kit fox has escaped.
- N. During the site-disturbance and/or construction phase, all food-related trash items such as wrappers, cans, bottles, and food scraps generated shall be disposed of in closed containers only and regularly removed from the site. Food items may attract San Joaquin kit foxes onto the project site, consequently exposing such animals to increased risk of injury or mortality. No deliberate feeding of wildlife shall be allowed.
- O. Prior to, during, and after the site-disturbance and/or construction phase, use of

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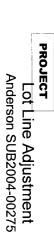
pesticides or herbicides shall be in compliance with all local, state and federal regulations. This is necessary to minimize the probability of primary or secondary poisoning of endangered species utilizing adjacent habitats, and the depletion of prey upon which San Joaquin kit foxes depend.

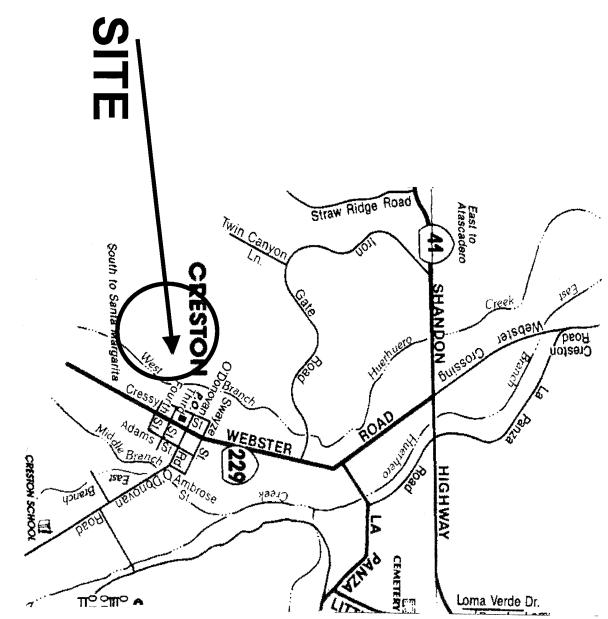
- P. During the site-disturbance and/or construction phase, any contractor or employee that inadvertently kills or injures a San Joaquin kit fox or who finds any such animal either dead, injured, or entrapped shall be required to report the incident immediately to the applicant and County. In the event that any observations are made of injured or dead kit fox, the applicant shall immediately notify the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the Department by telephone (see contact information below). In addition, formal notification shall be provided in writing within three working days of the finding of any such animal(s). Notification shall include the date, time, location and circumstances of the incident. Any threatened or endangered species found dead or injured shall be turned over immediately to the Department for care, analysis, or disposition.
- Q. Prior to final inspection, or occupancy, whichever comes first, should any long internal or perimeter fencing be proposed or installed, the applicant shall do the following to provide for kit fox passage:
 - a. If a wire strand/pole design is used, the lowest strand shall be no closer to the ground than 12".
 - b. If a more solid wire mesh fence is used, 8" x 12" openings near the ground shall be provided every 100 yards.

Upon fence installation, the applicant shall notify the County to verify proper installation. Any fencing constructed after issuance of a final permit shall follow the above guidelines.

U. Prior to issuance of building permits, the applicant shall submit to the County Environmental Health Division the results of soil boring and percolation tests in the proposed leach field location showing adequate slope, percolation rates, and depth to bedrock, or plans for an engineered system.

Staff report prepared by Nick Forester and reviewed by Kami Griffin

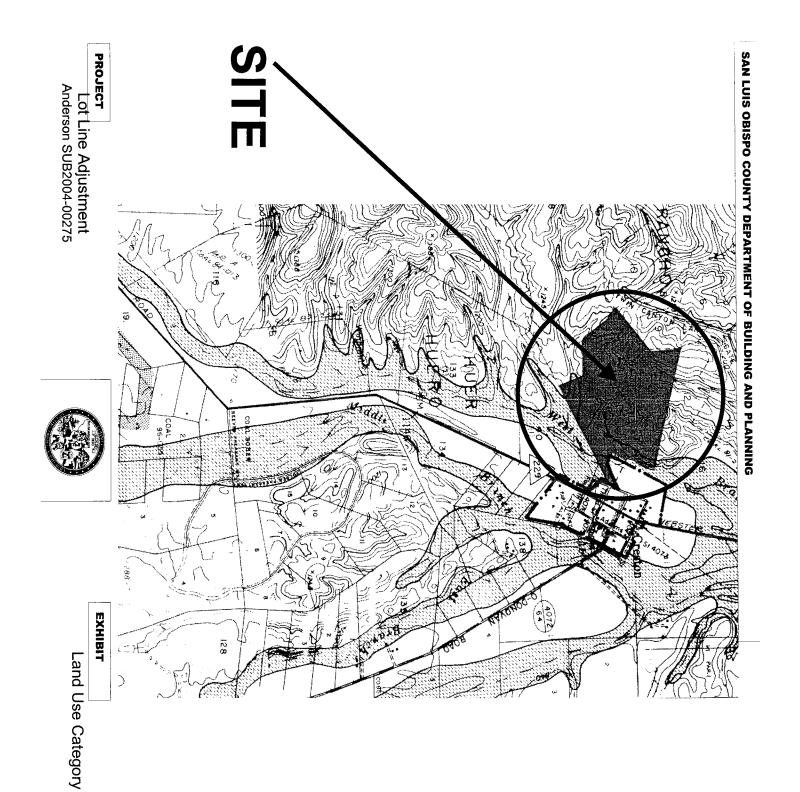


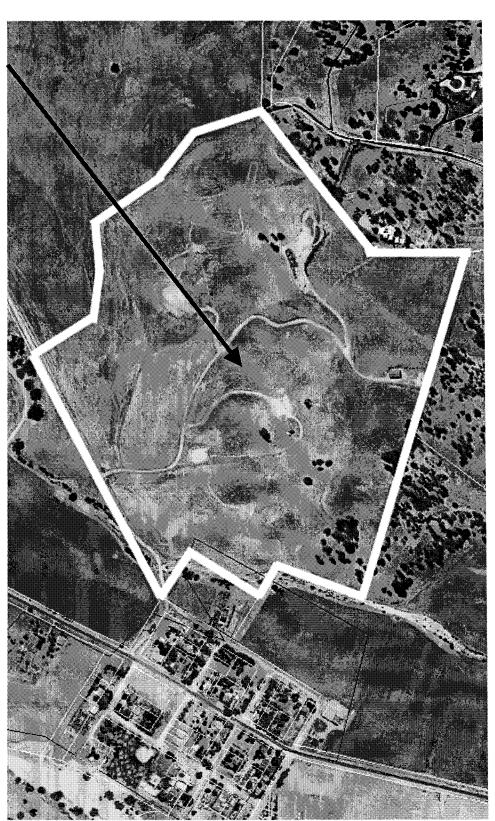




EXHIBIT

Vicinity Map





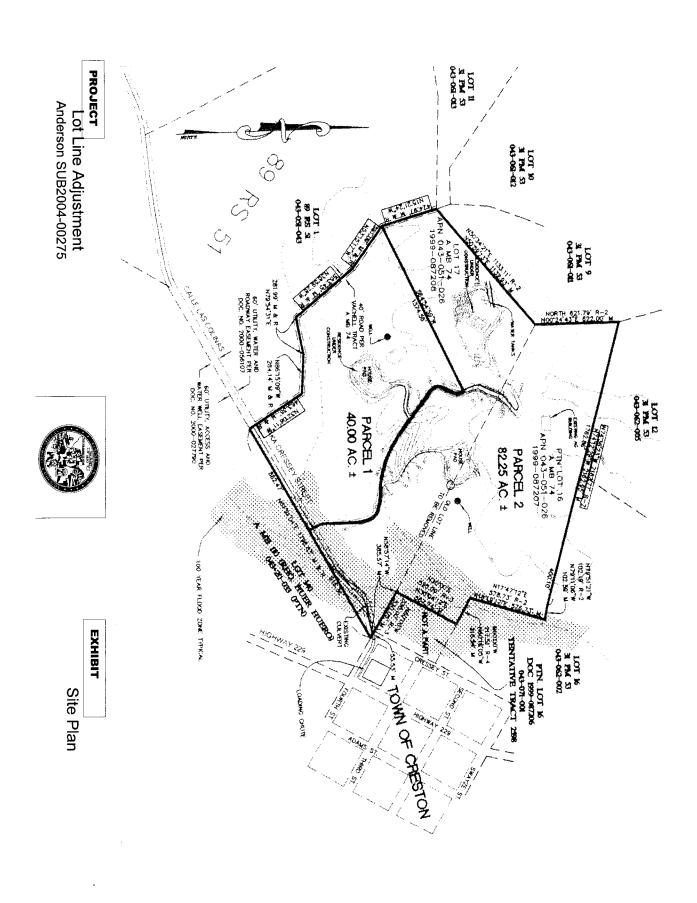
SITE

Lot Line Adjustment
Anderson SUB2004-00275



EXHIBIT

Aerial





COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO INITIAL STUDY SUMMARY - ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKLIST

Project Title & No. Anderson Lot Line Adjustment; COAL05-0049

ENVIRO	ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: The proposed project could have a							
"Potentially Significant Impact" for at least one of the environmental factors checked below. Please refer to the attached pages for discussion on mitigation measures or project revisions to either reduce								
these im	these impacts to less than significant levels or require further study.							
Aestl		Geology and Soils Hazards/Hazardous		creation ansportation/Circulation				
	cultural Resources cuality	Noise		astewater				
	gical Resources	Population/Housing		ater				
	iral Resources	Public Services/Util		nd Use				
DETER	MINATION: (To be com	pleted by the Lead Ager	ncy)					
On the l	basis of this initial evalua	ation, the Environmental	Coordinator finds th	at:				
	The proposed project of NEGATIVE DECLARAT		significant effect on	the environment, and a				
1	be a significant effect i	n this case because re	visions in the project	environment, there will not of have been made by or E DECLARATION will be				
	, , ,	MAY have a signif ACT REPORT is require		e environment, and an				
; ;	unless mitigated" impac analyzed in an earlier addressed by mitigatior	et on the environment, be document pursuant to n measures based on to IENTAL IMPACT REPO	out at least one effe applicable legal sta the earlier analysis	or "potentially significant of 1) has been adequately ndards, and 2) has been as described on attached it must analyze only the				
· [potentially significant on NEGATIVE DECLARAT mitigated pursuant to the	effects (a) have been TION pursuant to applicate the contract of the contract	analyzed adequate able standards, and ATIVE DECLARATI	e environment, because all ely in an earlier EIR or (b) have been avoided or ON, including revisions or thing further is required.				
- 101-1	LO GROUP INC.	hering	1/3	00/24/05				
Prepare	ed by (Print)	Signature	>	'Date				
. · ·	M. M. 12 - 8	A. M. War	Ellen Carroll,	coordinator 4/2/2				
Review	n Microlasters A	Signature	Environmental C (for)	Date				

Project Environmental Analysis

The County's environmental review process incorporates all of the requirements for completing the Initial Study as required by the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) and the CEQA Guidelines. The Initial Study includes staff's on-site inspection of the project site and surroundings and a detailed review of the information in the file for the project. In addition, available background information is reviewed for each project. Relevant information regarding soil types and characteristics, geologic information, significant vegetation and/or wildlife resources, water availability, wastewater disposal services, existing land uses and surrounding land use categories and other information relevant to the environmental review process are evaluated for each project. Exhibit A includes the references used, as well as the agencies or groups that were contacted as a part of the Initial Study. The Environmental Division uses the checklist to summarize the results of the research accomplished during the initial environmental review of the project.

Persons, agencies or organizations interested in obtaining more information regarding the environmental review process for a project should contact the County of San Luis Obispo Environmental Division, Rm. 310, County Government Center, San Luis Obispo, CA, 93408-2040 or call (805) 781-5600.

A. PROJECT

DESCRIPTION: Request by the Anderson Family Trust for a Lot Line Adjustment to adjust the lot lines between two parcels of 78.86 and 43.39 acres each. The adjustment will result in two parcels of 82.25 and 40.0 acres each. The project will not result in the creation of any additional parcels. The proposed project is within the Agriculture land use category and is located at the terminus of Fourth Street, at 6460 Cressey Street, approximately 300 feet east of Highway 229, adjacent to the Village of Creston, in the El Pomar planning area.

ASSESSOR PARCEL NUMBER: 043-051-026

SUPERVISORIAL DISTRICT # 1

B. EXISTING SETTING

PLANNING AREA:

El Pomar

LAND USE CATEGORY:

Agriculture

COMBINING DESIGNATION(S):

Flood Hazard

EXISTING USES:

Two residences (under construction), dry farming

TOPOGRAPHY:

Gently to moderately sloping

VEGETATION:

Grazed mixed grain, barley, grasses, forbs, valley oak trees

PARCEL SIZE:

122.25 acres

SURROUNDING LAND USE CATEGORIES AND USES:

North: Agriculture/ grazing land, row crops, residence	East: Agriculture, Residential Single Family; grazing land, residences				
South: Agriculture; grazing land, row crops, residence	West: Agriculture; grazing land, row crops, residence				

C. ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS

During the Initial Study process, several issues were identified as having potentially significant environmental effects (see following Initial Study). Those potentially significant items associated with the proposed uses can be minimized to less than significant levels.

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

1.	AESTHETICS - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Create an aesthetically incompatible site open to public view?			\boxtimes	
b)	Introduce a use within a scenic view open to public view?			\boxtimes	
c)	Change the visual character of an area?				
d)	Create glare or night lighting which may affect surrounding areas?			\boxtimes	
<i>e)</i>	Impact unique geological or physical features?			\boxtimes	
f) .	Other				

Setting. The proposed project is located at 6460 Cressey Street, approximately 300 feet west of Highway 229 (refer to Figures 1 through 3). The surrounding area is characterized by rolling hillsides, the West Fork of the Huerhuero Creek, grazed annual grassland, row crops, patches of oak trees, sparsely scattered single-family residences, and the Village of Creston. The area's topography is primarily gently to moderately sloping hillsides cut by small drainages. Two residences and one access road are currently under construction on Parcel 1. One residence will be approximately 4,000 square feet and the second will be approximately 4,400 square feet. A barn and an existing undeveloped building pad are located on Parcel 2. A Mitigated Negative Declaration was issued in November of 2002 for these existing construction activities onsite (ED00-526/ ED00-423).

Impact. The applicant is proposing a lot line adjustment between Parcels 1 and 2. One residence under construction would be located on proposed Parcel 1, and the second would be located on proposed Parcel 2. A second building site is proposed on proposed Parcel 2. The primary intent of the proposed lot line adjustment is to place the two residences under construction on separate parcels. In addition, the previously approved project included two residences and two barns; the applicant is proposing to develop one of the proposed barn sites with a residence in the future.

The residence under construction on proposed Parcel 2 was designed to minimize silhouetting and visibility as seen from Highway 229. The residence under construction on proposed Parcel 1 is visible from Highway 229, but will not silhouette due to an existing hillside behind the pad. The future residence on proposed Parcel 2 would be visible from Highway 229, but would not silhouette into the skyline due to an existing hillside behind the pad.

Mitigation/Conclusion. The applicant previously agreed to implement mitigation measures to minimize the visibility of proposed development on the project site, including the use of muted earthtone exterior colors, landscape screening, shielded night lighting, and revegetation of all cut and fill slopes. These measures shall also apply to the current project proposal, and future residence on Parcel 2. These measures are consistent with the general visual character of the area and would reduce aesthetic impacts to a level of insignificance.

2.	AGRICULTURAL RESOURCES - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Convert prime agricultural land to non-agricultural use?				
b)	Impair agricultural use of other property or result in conversion to other uses?				
c)	Conflict with existing zoning or Williamson Act program?			\boxtimes	
d)	Other				

Setting/Impact. The proposed project is located within the Agriculture land use category. Agricultural uses on the property currently include cattle grazing and hay crops. Soil types mapped for the project site include Nacimiento-Los Osos complex (non-irr: IV, irr: IV), Linne-Calodo complex (non-irr: IV, irr: IV), Arbuckle-San Ysidro complex (non irr: IV, irr: IV), Elder loam (non-irr: IV, irr: II), and Still clay loam (non-irr: IV, irr: II). Recent agricultural uses on the property have included cattle grazing and forage hay crop production. The Village of Creston is located immediately to the east, and surrounding land uses to the north, south, and west include scattered residences, dry farming, and livestock grazing. The project site is not under an agricultural preserve contract.

The project site consists primarily of non-irrigated non-prime Class IV soils, with small areas of Class II soils located adjacent to the West Branch of the Huerhuero Creek, which is located on the eastern portion of the project site. The proposed lot line adjustment does not include the creation of additional building envelopes or roads. The proposed building envelope on Parcel 2 is located approximately 900 feet from adjacent properties, and would not result in any incompatibility impacts or impair agricultural use on the project site or adjacent properties.

Mitigation/Conclusion. Due to the type and size of the proposed project, impacts to agricultural resources are considered insignificant and no mitigation measures are necessary.

3.	AIR QUALITY - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Violate any state or federal ambient air quality standard, or exceed air quality emission thresholds as established by County Air Pollution Control District?				



4.	BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
d)	Introduce barriers to movement of resident or migratory fish or wildlife species, or factors which could hinder the normal activities of wildlife?				
e)	Other				

Setting. The project site is dominated by grazed mixed grain, barley, grasses, forbs, small stands of valley oak trees (*Quercus lobata*). The West Fork of the Huerhuero Creek is located immediately west of the project site. The existing access road to the project site crosses the creek via existing culverts.

Based on the California Natural Diversity Database (CNDDB; 2004), the project site is located in the vicinity of the following California Native Plant Society (CNPS) List 1B (rare, threatened, or endangered in California and elsewhere) species: dwarf calycadenia (Calycadenia villosa) and shining navarettia (Navarettia nigelliformis ssp. radians). The project site is also located within a vernal pool region. Vernal pools provide potential habitat for the vernal pool fairy shrimp (Branchinecta lynchi), a Federally Threatened species. The CNDDB also identified this area as important habitat for the San Joaquin Kit Fox (Vulpes macrotis mutica), a Federally Endangered species and a State Threatened species. In addition, western spadefoot toad (Scaphiopus hammondii), a State Species of Concern has been documented in the vicinity of the project site.

Impacts. A San Joaquin Kit Fox Habitat Evaluation Form was prepared by Mr. Jeff Tupen, Biologist with Morro Group, Inc. on April 11, 2002. The evaluation form was reviewed by Bob Stafford of the California Department of Fish and Game. The evaluation, complete with Mr. Stafford's changes, resulted in a requirement that all impacts to kit fox habitat be mitigated at a ratio of one acres conserved for each acre impacted (1:1). Future development of the project site (proposed residential pad on Parcel 2) would result in the permanent disturbance of 0.34 acres of kit fox habitat.

Western spadefoot toad is associated with grasslands, oak woodlands, and vernal pool habitat. The species breeds in vernal pools during the wet season and spends most of the dry season buried in mud or underground burrows. County staff conducted site visits to the project site in the fall of 2003, and no evidence of vernal pools was observed onsite; therefore occurrence of western spadefoot toad and vernal pool fairy shrimp is unlikely.

The project site has historically been planted with dry farm crops and has been grazed by livestock. The applicant is not proposing any additional disturbance outside of existing established roads, driveways, and building pads. Based on historical and continued use of the project site and the location of future development within disturbed, cleared areas, impacts to dwarf calycadenia and shining navarettia potentially present on site would not occur. Construction of a residence on the existing building pad on Parcel 2 would not impact any oak trees.

Mitigation/Conclusion. Mr. Stafford recommended that specific measures be implemented to effectively mitigate impacts to San Joaquin kit fox (personal communication; May 15, 2002). The applicant will be required to mitigate the permanent loss of 0.348 acres of kit fox habitat (0.34 acres multiplied by a 1:1 ratio) by one of the following ways: Deposit funds into an approved in-lieu fee program; provide for the protection of kit foxes in perpetuity through acquisition of fee or conservation

3.	AIR QUALITY - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
b)	Expose any sensitive receptor to substantial air pollutant concentrations?				
c)	Create or subject individuals to objectionable odors?			\boxtimes	
d)	Be inconsistent with the District's Clean Air Plan?			\boxtimes	
e)	Other				
2004 once	ng. Based on the latest air monitoring stand), the trend in air quality in the general are at both the Atascadero and Paso Roble edances in 2002.	ea is generally	improving. P	M10 levels wer	e exceeded
the p (ROC trans airbo trans relati	Air Pollution Control District (APCD) estimated by the pollutants responsible for ozone formation of pollutants (vehicle emission component formation into ozone. Dust, or particular ne and which find their way into the lower formation to harmful ozone. In part, the lang to ROG and NOx (i.e., application of the ation of ozone.	n. Nitrous oxi- ents) are comr te matter less er atmosphere and use control	des (NOx) an non contribut than ten mic , can act as th s currently in	d reactive organs towards the cons (PM10) the catalyst in the place for new constants.	anic gasses ils chemica hat become nis chemica levelopment
Two agric future would expe activi		uction on two is reserved for the landbook issions. No actions are necessales	pads, one p r the construct ok, future devo Iditional signifi ry for future	pad currently setion of a reside elopment of the cant air quality grading and	supports ar lence in the project site impacts are construction
_	ation/Conclusion. No significant air of sary.	quality impacts	s were identi	fied, and no r	nitigation is
4.	BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Result in a loss of unique or special status species or their habitats?				
b)	Reduce the extent, diversity or quality of native or other important vegetation?				
c)	Impact wetland or riparian habitat?				



easement of suitable habitat in the kit fox corridor area; or purchase credits in an approved conservation bank. At this time, there is no approved Conservation Bank that is operational in San Luis Obispo County. If none of the other three alternatives are available, the applicant may enter into a Mitigation Agreement with the Department of Fish and Game, including depositing funds into an escrow account (or other means of securing funds acceptable to the Department) which would assure the protection in perpetuity of suitable habitat in the kit fox corridor area and provide for a non-wasting endowment for management. To prevent inadvertent harm to kit fox, the applicant has agreed to retain a biologist for a pre-construction survey, a pre-construction briefing for contractors, and monitoring activities in addition to implementing cautionary construction measures. These mitigation measures are listed in detail in Exhibit B Mitigation Summary Table. The implementation of the above measures will mitigate biological impacts to a level of insignificance.

5.	CULTURAL RESOURCES - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Disturb pre-historic resources?			\boxtimes	
b)	Disturb historic resources?			\boxtimes	
c)	Disturb paleontological resources?			\boxtimes	
d)	Other				

Setting/Impact. The project is located in an area historically occupied by the Obispeño Chumash and Salinian. A *Phase One Archaeological Surface Survey* (Gibson's Archaeological Consulting; May 3, 2004) was completed for a parcel located immediately west of the project site on property also owned by the applicant. The parcel is located adjacent to the western fork of the Huerhuero Creek. Based on the results of the survey report, no archaeological or historical resources were observed on the adjacent parcel.

The applicant is proposing to limit development to previously disturbed areas, which are not located in close proximity to the creek, or in any other area that would considered culturally sensitive due to the lack of physical features typically associated with prehistoric occupation. No significant paleontological resources are known to exist in the area. Impacts to cultural resources are not expected.

Mitigation/Conclusion. Based on the proposed location of future development and physical features of the project site, no significant impacts to cultural resources would occur as a result of the proposed project and no mitigation measures are necessary.

6.	GEOLOGY AND SOILS - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Result in exposure to or production of unstable earth conditions, such as landslides, earthquakes, liquefaction, ground failure, land subsidence or other similar hazards?				

6.	GEOLOGY AND SOILS - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
b)	Be within a CA Dept. of Mines & Geology Earthquake Fault Zone (formerly Alquist Priolo)?				
c)	Result in soil erosion, topographic changes, loss of topsoil or unstable soil conditions from project-related				

	removal, grading, excavation, or fill?		
d)	Change rates of soil absorption, or amount or direction of surface runoff?		

<i>e)</i>	expansive soils?		\boxtimes	
f)	Change the drainage natterns where	г		$\overline{}$

substantial on- or off-site
sedimentation/ erosion or flooding
may occur?

improvements, such as vegetation

- g) Involve activities within the 100-year flood zone?
- h) Be inconsistent with the goals and policies of the County's Safety
 Element relating to Geologic and
- i) Preclude the future extraction of valuable mineral resources?
- j) Other _____

Setting.

<u>Geology</u> The topography of the project site ranges from gently to moderately sloping. The area proposed for development is outside of the Geologic Study Area designation. The landslide risk potential is considered low to moderate. The liquefaction potential during a ground-shaking event is considered moderate to high. No active faulting is known to exist on or near the subject property. There is an inactive fault located 1.11 miles east of the project site. The project site is not within a known area containing serpentine rock. There is no evidence that measures above what will already be required by ordinance or code are needed.

<u>Drainage.</u> The Western Fork of the Huerhuero Creek runs along the eastern side of the project parcel. An existing 50-foot easement with culverts crosses the Creek for access to the parcel. The areas along the Creek are within the 100-year Flood Hazard designation; however, the building pads are located outside of the 100-year Flood Hazard designation. As described in the National Resource Conservation Service Soil Survey, the soils mapped for the site are not well to moderately drained. No specific measure above what will already be required by ordinance or code are considered necessary.



<u>Sedimentation and Erosion.</u> The soil types on the project site are Nacimiento-Los Osos complex, Linne-Calodo complex, Still clay loam, Elder loam, and Arbuckle-San Ysidro complex. As described in the NRCS Soil Survey, the soil surface is considered moderately erodible and has a low to moderate shrink-swell characteristic. No specific measures above what will be required by ordinance or code are necessary.

Mitigation/Conclusion. No significant impacts were identified, and no additional measure beyond compliance with the County Land Use Ordinance and Uniform Building Code are required.

7.	HAZARDS & HAZARDOUS MATERIALS - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable			
a)	Result in a risk of explosion or release of hazardous substances (e.g. oil, pesticides, chemicals, radiation) or exposure of people to hazardous substances?							
b)	Interfere with an emergency response or evacuation plan?							
c)	Expose people to safety risk associated with airport flight pattern?							
d)	Increase fire hazard risk or expose people or structures to high fire hazard conditions?							
e)	Create any other health hazard or potential hazard?							
f)	Other							
Setting/Impact. The proposed project is located in an area of predominantly agricultural and rural residential uses. There are no known hazardous waste sites or pipelines underlying or in the vicinity of the project area. The proposed project is within a high fire hazard severity area. The project is not ocated in an area of known hazardous material contamination and does not propose use of nazardous materials. The applicant will be required to comply with CDF/County Fire Department fire safety standards during future development of the third building pad. No impacts as a result of nazardous materials are anticipated.								
_	ation/Conclusion. No additional measu Code are necessary.	res beyond wh	nat is required	by CDF and the	he Uniform			
8.	NOISE - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated .	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable			
a)	Expose people to noise levels which exceed the County Noise Element thresholds?			\boxtimes				



		· ·				
8.	NOISE - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable	
b)	Generate increases in the ambient noise levels for adjoining areas?			\boxtimes		
c)	Expose people to severe noise or vibration?			\boxtimes		
d)	Other	_ 🗆				
	noise levels for adjoining areas? Expose people to severe noise or					

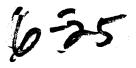
Setting/Impact. The future residence on Parcel 2 will be located approximately 1,650 feet northwest of Highway 229. The topography between the highway and the site consists of gently rolling hillsides. The project will not generate nor is not exposed to significant stationary or transportation-related noise sources; therefore, no significant noise impacts are expected to occur.

Development of the third building site would result in the generation of approximately 9.6 additional daily traffic trips. Generation of these trips would contribute to the cumulative generation of transportation-related noise in the area, but would not result in a significant level of transportation-related noise.

Mitigation/Conclusion. Based on the size and location of the proposed project, significant impacts related to noise exposure and generation would not occur, and no mitigation measures are necessary.

9.	POPULATION/HOUSING - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Induce substantial growth in an area either directly or indirectly (e.g., through projects in an undeveloped area or extension of major infrastructure)?				
b)	Displace existing housing or people, requiring construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				
c)	Create the need for substantial new housing in the area?				
d)	Use substantial amount of fuel or energy?				
e)	Other				

Setting/Impact. The future development would not displace existing housing or use a substantial amount of fuel or energy to construct and maintain. In its efforts to provide for affordable housing, the county currently administers the Home Investment Partnerships (HOME) Program and the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) program, which provides limited financing to projects relating to affordable housing throughout the county. Title 18 of the County Code (Public Facilities Fees) requires that an affordable housing mitigation fee be imposed as a condition of approval of any new residential development project.



Mitigation/Conclusion. Based on the above discussion, no significant population and housing impacts are expected to occur as a result of the proposed project.

10.	PUBLIC SERVICES/UTILITIES - Will the project have an effect upon, or result in the need for new or altered public services in any of the following areas:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Fire protection?		\boxtimes		
b)	Police protection (e.g., Sheriff, CHP)?		\boxtimes		
c)	Schools?		\boxtimes		
d)	Roads?				
e)	Solid Wastes?				
f)	Other public facilities?			\boxtimes	
g)	Other				

Setting/Impact. The project area is served by the County Sheriffs Department, California Highway Patrol and CDF/County Fire as the primary emergency responders. The nearest sheriff station is located at the Templeton substation, approximately 13 miles west of the project site. The closest CDF/County Fire station is located in the community of Creston, approximately one mile from the project site. The project is located within the Atascadero Unified School District. This proposed project, along with numerous others in the area would have a cumulative effect on public services, including police and fire protection, and schools.

Mitigation/Conclusion. Public facility (county) and school (State Government Code 65995 et sec) fee programs have been adopted to address public services impacts and will reduce the cumulative impact to a level of insignificance. No other significant project-specific impacts to utilities or public services were identified, therefore no additional measures are considered necessary.

11.	RECREATION - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Increase the use or demand for parks or other recreation opportunities?			\boxtimes	
b)	Affect the access to trails, parks or other recreation opportunities?			\boxtimes	
c)	Other				

Setting/Impact. The County Trails Plan does not show a future trail being considered on the subject property and there are no other recreational resources in the near vicinity of the parcel.

Mitigation/Conclusion. Implementation of the proposed project would not significantly impact recreational resources, and no mitigation measures are necessary.

12.	TRANSPORTATION/ CIRCULATION - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable				
a)	Increase vehicle trips to local or areawide circulation system?								
b)	Reduce existing "Levels of Service" on public roadway(s)?								
c)	Create unsafe conditions on public roadways (e.g., limited access, design features, sight distance, slow vehicles)?								
d)	Provide for adequate emergency access?								
e)	Result in inadequate parking capacity?			\boxtimes					
f)	Result in inadequate internal traffic circulation?								
g)	Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs supporting alternative transportation (e.g., pedestrian access, bus turnouts, bicycle racks, etc.)?								
h)	Result in a change in air traffic patterns that may result in substantial safety risks?								
i)	Other								
branc reside appro genei	Setting/Impact. The proposed project site is currently accessed from Fourth Street, a local road branching off Highway 229, the main access road through the Village of Creston. There are two residences currently under construction on the project site. These residences would generate approximately 20 trips per day. Construction of a third residence on Parcel 2 would result in the generation of an additional 9.6 trips per day. This small amount of additional traffic would not result in a significant change to the existing road service levels or traffic safety on any local roads and Highway 229.								
level	Mitigation/Conclusion. Based on the proposed project location, existing and projected acceptable level of service and capacity of local roads, traffic and circulation impacts resulting from the proposed project would be less than significant. No mitigation measures are necessary.								
13.	WASTEWATER - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable				
a)	Violate waste discharge requirements or Central Coast Basin Plan criteria for wastewater systems?								

13.	WASTEWATER - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
b)	Change the quality of surface or ground water (e.g., nitrogen-loading, daylighting)?				
c)	Adversely affect community wastewater service provider?				\boxtimes
d)	Other				
dome Cons Nacir for a depth Centi the a minut "dayli or hig this s <u>Steel</u> result	ng/Impact. The applicant proposes to in estic wastewater generated by the future revation Service (NRCS) Soil Survey miento-Los Osos complex. For on-site seasystem to operate successfully, including and the slope on which the system is prail Coast Basin Plan, additional analysis oublility of the soil to "filter" effluent is eithes per inch and has "poor filtering" chartes per inch); the topography on which a ghting" of effluent downslope; or the sepanging for wastewater effluent include: Description: Description: This characteristic indicates that in potential daylighting of wastewater effluent include:	residence on Fap, the soil ty eptic systems, the soil's abilitional placed. To as or engineering in the region of the system is placed on the NF at portions of the luent.	Parcel 2. Base the underlying there are severy to percolate sure a success needed when the term of the bottom of the bottom of the soil unit contains not be sufficient.	d on the Natura the future buil eral key factors or "filter" effluers ful system that none or more factors faster or less faster or less faster or more nough to pote of the leach line ey, the main limation ain slopes steed ficient soil deptiliment.	al Resource ding site is to consider nt, the soil's t meets the actors exist: ess than 30 te than 120 ntially allow to bedrock nitation(s) of p enough to
chan- surro	uate soil filtering of effluent before reaces increase for the effluent to infiltrate cunding wells without adequate filtering, sed to the earth's surface.	racks that cou	ld lead directly	to groundwate	er source or
the n	<u>Percolation.</u> This characteristic indicates atural processes to effectively break douidentifies the percolation rate needs to be	wn the effluen	t into harmles	s components.	
deve demo	nation/Conclusion. Prior to issuance of lopment on Parcel 2, the applicant is reconstrating that the future leachlines wou ance and the Uniform Building Code.	quired to subm	nit soil boring a	and percolation	test results
14.	WATER - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Violate any water quality standards?			\boxtimes	

14.	WATER - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable				
b)	Discharge into surface waters or otherwise alter surface water quality (e.g., turbidity, temperature, dissolved oxygen, etc.)?								
c)	Change the quality of groundwater (e.g., saltwater intrusion, nitrogenloading, etc.)?								
d)	Change the quantity or movement of available surface or ground water?			\boxtimes					
e)	Adversely affect community water service provider?				\boxtimes				
f)	Other								
Quad of the operato modern value of the element of	eastern boundary of the parcel. Two historic blue-line drainages are mapped on the USGS Quadrangle as occurring along the southern boundary and through the middle of the parcel. Evidence of these drainages was not apparent in the field due to historic grading and intensive agricultural operations including livestock grazing, hay crops, and row crops. The topography of the site is gently to moderately sloping. The future residence would be located on an existing building pad over 1,000 feet west of the Huerhuero Creek. Based on the minimal amount of future site disturbance, and location of future development, potential impacts to surface water would be insignificant. Water Usage. The applicant proposes to use on-site wells for water supply. The underlying water source is the Salinas Valley groundwater basin. The Western Fork of the Huerhuero Creek runs along the eastern boundary of the parcel, indicating a source for ground water recharge. Therefore, there are no potentially significant impacts, and no specific measures above standard requirements have been determined necessary. Mitigation/Conclusion. No significant impacts were identified, and no mitigation measures are necessary.								
15.	LAND USE - Will the project:	Inconsistent	Potentially Inconsistent	Consistent	Not Applicable				
a)	Be potentially inconsistent with land use, policy/regulation (e.g., general plan [county land use element and ordinance], local coastal plan, specific plan, Clean Air Plan, etc.) adopted to avoid or mitigate for environmental effects?								
b)	Be potentially inconsistent with any habitat or community conservation plan?								

.6-29

15.	LAND USE - Will the project:	Inconsistent	Potentially Inconsistent	Consistent	Not Applicable			
c)	Be potentially inconsistent with adopted agency environmental plans or policies with jurisdiction over the project?							
d)	Be potentially incompatible with surrounding land uses?							
e)	Other							
docu and to proposite a are a deve proposite of on	Setting/Impact. The proposed project was reviewed for consistency with policy and regulatory documents relating to the environment and appropriate land use (e.g. County Land Use Ordinance, and the El Pomar Area Plan). The project was found to be consistent with these documents. The proposed project is not within or adjacent to a Habitat Conservation Plan area. The surrounding uses are as follows: North - residences and agricultural development; South - residences and agricultural development; East - single-family residences; West - residences and agricultural development. The proposed project is compatible with these surrounding uses because future development would consist of one additional residence, and continued production of dry farm crops and livestock grazing. Mitigation/Conclusion. No significant land use impacts would occur as a result of the proposed project, and no mitigation is necessary.							
16.	MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable			
a)	Have the potential to degrade the qual habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cas sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate or restrict the range of a rare or endan examples of the major periods of	use a fish or w e a plant or an	vildlife popula imal commun	tion to drop b ity, reduce th	elow self- e number			
	California history or prehistory?		\boxtimes					
b)	Have impacts that are individually limit considerable" means that the increme viewed in connection with the effects projects, and the effects of	ntal effects of	a project are	considerable	when			
	probable future projects)		\boxtimes					
c)	Have environmental effects which will beings, either directly or	cause substa	ntial adverse	effects on hu	man			
	indirectly?			\boxtimes				
Cou Env	further information on CEQA or the country's web site at "www.sloplanning.org" ironmental Resources Evaluation Systems of the California	' under "Envir stem at "htt	onmental Rev p://ceres.ca.go	iew", or the	California			



Exhibit A - Initial Study References and Agency Contacts

The County Planning or Environmental Division has contacted various agencies for their comments on the proposed project. With respect to the subject application, the following have been contacted (marked with a \boxtimes) and when a response was made, it is either attached or in the application file:

Contacted	<u>Agency</u>	<u>Response</u>
\boxtimes	County Public Works Department	In File**
$\overline{\boxtimes}$	County Environmental Health Division	In File**
$\overline{\boxtimes}$	County Agricultural Commissioner's Office	In File**
\boxtimes	CA Department of Fish and Game	Personal Communications

^{** &}quot;No comment" or "No concerns"-type responses are usually not attached

The following checked ("\(\sigma''\)) reference materials have been used in the environmental review for the proposed project and are hereby incorporated by reference into the Initial Study. The following information is available at the County Planning and Building Department.

X	Project File for the Subject Application		El Pomar/Estrella Area Plan
 Coui	nty documents		Circulation Study
7	Airport Land Use Plans		Other documents
$\overline{\nabla}$	Annual Resource Summary Report	\boxtimes	Archaeological Resources Map
Ħ	Building and Construction Ordinance		Area of Critical Concerns Map
Ħ	Coastal Policies		Areas of Special Biological
즤	Framework for Planning (Coastal & Inland)		Importance Map
Ħ	General Plan (Inland & Coastal), including all	\triangleright	California Natural Species Diversity
_	maps & elements; more pertinent elements		Database
	considered include:	\triangleright	Clean Air Plan
	Agriculture & Open Space Element	$\overline{\Sigma}$	Fire Hazard Severity Map
	• • •	$\overline{\triangleright}$	Flood Hazard Maps
	Energy ElementEnvironment Plan (Conservation,	$\overline{\triangleright}$	Natural Resources Conservation
	Historic and Esthetic Elements)		Service Soil Survey for SLO County
		\triangleright	Regional Transportation Plan
	 ✓ Housing Element ✓ Noise Element ✓ Parks & Recreation Element ✓ Safety Element 	$\overline{\triangleright}$	Uniform Fire Code
	Parks & Recreation Element	$\overline{\triangleright}$	Water Quality Control Plan (Central
	Safety Element		Coast Basin - Region 3)
\square	Land Use Ordinance	\triangleright	GIS mapping layers (e.g., habitat,
Ħ	Real Property Division Ordinance	_	streams, contours, etc.)
Ħ	Trails Plan		
	• • • • • • •		

In addition, the following project specific information and/or reference materials have been considered as a part of the Initial Study:

Gibson's Archaeological Consulting. May 3, 2004. Results of Phase One Archaeological Surface Survey for the 4-Acre Anderson Parcel.

Morro Group, Inc. April 11, 2002. San Joaquin Kit Fox Habitat Evaluation Form.

Solid Waste Management Plan



Exhibit B - Mitigation Summary Table

Aesthetics

- V-1 Prior to issuance of construction permit, the applicant shall submit a color board for review and approval by the Department of Planning and Building/Division of Environmental and Resource Management. All exterior colors shall be less than 6 in chroma and value meet the following criteria:
 - a) Water tank colors shall be dark-green or black;
 - b) Exterior wall colors shall be limited to muted earth tones; and
 - c) Roof colors shall be limited to deep earth tones, deep muted reds, browns and grays.
- V-2 Prior to final inspection, the applicant shall implement the approved color board.
- V-3 Prior to issuance of construction permit, the applicant shall submit a final landscaping plan showing the use of native, drought-tolerant vegetation to screen at least 50% of all proposed structures, including water tanks, from all viewpoints on Highway 229 within three (3) years. The plan shall identify the species, size and location of all proposed vegetation and proposed means of irrigation. The plan shall be prepared by a licensed architect, licensed landscape architect, licensed landscape contractor or certified nurseryperson.
- **V-4** Prior to final inspection, the applicant shall implement the approved landscaping plan.
- V-5 Prior to final inspection, all lighting fixtures shall be shielded so that neither the lamp or the related reflector interior surface is visible from Highway 229. All lighting poles, fixtures, and hoods shall be dark colored. No exterior lighting shall be installed or operated in a manner that would throw light, either reflected or directly, in an upward direction.

Biological Resources

The following notes shall be included on the second sheet of the Final Map; if Certificates of Compliance are the recording instrument instead of a Final Map, the items shall be completed **prior to map recordation or recordation of the Certificates of Compliance**, and the applicant will be required to enter into a mitigation agreement to adhere to the following conditions during future construction.

San Joaquin Kit Fox

Future development on each parcel will be required to mitigate impacts to San Joaquin kit fox habitat. The Kit Fox Evaluation, which was completed for the project site on April 11, 2002 by Jeff Tupen, Morro Group, Inc., indicates the project will impact San Joaquin kit fox habitat. Based on review by Bob Stafford of the California Department of Fish and Game, all impacts to kit fox habitat be mitigated at a ratio of **one** acre conserved for each acre impacted **(1:1)**. The mitigation options identified in BR-1 through BR-11 apply **to the proposed project only**; should the project change, the mitigation obligation may also change, and a reevaluation of the mitigation measures would be required.

BR-1 Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permits, the applicant shall submit evidence to the County of San Luis Obispo, Department of Planning and Building Environmental Resource and Management Division (County) (see contact information below)

that states that one or a combination of the following four San Joaquin kit fox mitigation measures has been implemented:

a. Provide for the protection in perpetuity, through acquisition of fee or a conservation easement, suitable habitat in the kit fox corridor area (e.g. within the San Luis Obispo County kit fox habitat area, northwest of Highway 58), either on-site or off-site, and provide for a non-wasting endowment to provide for management and monitoring of the property in perpetuity. Lands to be conserved shall be subject to the review and approval of the California Department of Fish and Game (Department) and the County.

This mitigation alternative (a.), requires that all aspects of this program must be in place before County permit issuance or initiation of any ground disturbing activities.

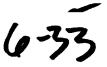
b. Deposit funds into an approved in-lieu fee program, which would provide for the protection in perpetuity of suitable habitat in the kit fox corridor area within San Luis Obispo County, and provide for a non-wasting endowment for management and monitoring of the property in perpetuity.

Mitigation alternative (b) above, can be completed by providing funds to The Nature Conservancy (TNC), pursuant to the Voluntary Fee-based Compensatory Mitigation Program (Program). The Program was established in agreement between the Department and TNC to preserve San Joaquin kit fox habitat, and to provide a voluntary mitigation alternative to project proponents who must mitigate the impacts of projects in accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). The fee, payable to "The Nature Conservancy", would be based on the total area of disturbance from project activities multiplied by \$2,500 per acre. This fee must be paid after the Department provides written notification identifying your mitigation options but prior to County permit issuance and initiation of any ground disturbing activities.

c. Purchase credits in a Department-approved conservation bank, which would provide for the protection in perpetuity of suitable habitat within the kit fox corridor area and provide for a non-wasting endowment for management and monitoring of the property in perpetuity.

At this time, there is no approved conservation bank that is operational in San Luis Obispo County. A conservation bank is expected to be operational in the near future. Purchase of credits must be completed prior to County permit issuance and initiation of any ground disturbing activities.

- d. If none of the above measures (a, b, or c) are available, the applicant may enter into a Mitigation Agreement with the Department, including depositing of funds into an escrow account (or other means of securing funds acceptable to the Department) which would ensure the protection in perpetuity of suitable habitat within the kit fox corridor area and provide for a non-wasting endowment for management and monitoring in perpetuity. The Department can provide a draft agreement to review; a signed Mitigation Agreement shall be submitted to the County prior to County permit issuance and initiation of any ground disturbing activities.
- BR-2 Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permits, or conducting any grading associated with map/certificate recordation, the applicant shall provide evidence to the County that they have retained a qualified biologist acceptable to the County Division of



Environmental and Resource Management. The retained biologist shall perform the following monitoring activities:

- a. Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permits and within 30 days prior to initiation of site disturbance and/or construction, the biologist shall conduct a preactivity (i.e. pre-construction) survey for known or potential kit fox dens and submit a letter to the County reporting the date the survey was conducted, the survey protocol, survey results, and what measures were necessary (and completed), as applicable, to address any kit fox activity within the project limits.
- b. The qualified biologist shall conduct weekly site visits during site-disturbance activities (i.e. grading, disking, excavation, stock piling of dirt or gravel, etc.) that proceed longer than 14 days, for the purpose of monitoring compliance with required Mitigation Measures BR-3 through BR11. Site-disturbance activities lasting up to 14 days do not require weekly monitoring by the biologist unless observations of kit fox or their dens are made on-site or the qualified biologist recommends monitoring for some other reason (see BR-2-c3). When weekly monitoring is required, the biologist shall submit weekly monitoring reports to the County.
- c. Prior to or during project activities, if any observations are made of San Joaquin kit fox, or any known or potential San Joaquin kit fox dens are discovered within the project limits, the qualified biologist shall re-assess the probability of incidental take (e.g. harm or death) to kit fox. At the time the den is discovered, the qualified biologist shall contact the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the Department for guidance on possible additional kit fox protection measures to implement and whether or not a Federal and/or State incidental take permit is needed. If a potential den is encountered during construction, all work shall stop until such time the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and Department determine that it is appropriate to resume work.

If incidental take of kit fox during project activities is possible, **before project activities commence**, the applicant must consult with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the Department (see contact information below). The results of this consultation may require the applicant to obtain a Federal and/or State permit for incidental take during project activities. The applicant should be aware that the presence of kit foxes or known or potential kit fox dens at the project site could result in further delays of project activities.

In addition, the qualified biologist shall implement the following measures:

1. Within 30 days prior to initiation of site disturbance and/or construction, fenced exclusion zones shall be established around all known and potential kit fox dens. Exclusion zone fencing shall consist of either large flagged stakes connected by rope or cord, or survey laths or wooden stakes prominently flagged with survey ribbon. Each exclusion zone shall be roughly circular in configuration with a radius of the following distance measured outward from the den or burrow entrances:

a) Potential kit fox den: 50 feetb) Known kit fox den: 100 feetc) Kit fox pupping den: 150 feet

2. All foot and vehicle traffic, as well as all construction activities, including storage of supplies and equipment, shall remain outside of exclusion zones. Exclusion zones shall be maintained until all project-related disturbances have been terminated, and then shall be removed.



- 3. If kit foxes or known or potential kit fox dens are found on site, daily monitoring during ground disturbing activities shall be required by a qualified biologist.
- BR-3 Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permits, or approval of any improvement plans related to map/certificate recordation, the applicant shall clearly delineate as a note on the project plans, that: "Speeds signs of 25 mph maximum (or lower) shall be posted for all construction traffic, to minimize the probability of road mortality of the San Joaquin kit fox." Speed limit signs shall be installed on the project site within 30 days prior to initiation of site disturbance and/or construction. In addition, prior to permit issuance and initiation of any ground disturbing activities, or any grading associated with map/certificate recordation, conditions BR-3 through BR-11 of the Developer's Statement/Conditions of Approval shall be clearly delineated on project plans.
- **BR-4 During the site disturbance and/or construction phase**, grading and construction activities after dusk shall be prohibited unless coordinated through the County, during which additional kit fox mitigation measures may be required.
- BR-5 Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permit, and within 30 days prior to initiation of site disturbance and/or construction, all personnel associated with the project shall attend a worker education training program, conducted by a qualified biologist, to avoid or reduce impacts on sensitive biological resources (i.e. San Joaquin kit fox). At a minimum, as the program relates to the kit fox, the training shall include the kit fox's life history, all mitigation measures specified by the county, as well as any related biological report(s) prepared for the project. The applicant shall notify the County shortly prior to this meeting. A kit fox fact sheet shall also be developed prior to the training program, and distributed at the training program to all contractors, employers and other personnel involved with the construction of the project.
- BR-6 During the site-disturbance and/or construction phase, to prevent entrapment of the San Joaquin kit fox, all excavation, steep-walled holes or trenches in excess of two feet in depth shall be covered at the close of each working day by plywood or similar materials, or provided with one or more escape ramps constructed of earth fill or wooden planks. Trenches shall also be inspected for entrapped kit fox each morning prior to onset of field activities and immediately prior to covering with plywood at the end of each working day. Before such holes or trenches are filled, they shall be thoroughly inspected for entrapped kit fox. Any kit fox so discovered shall be allowed to escape before field activities resume, or removed from the trench or hole by a qualified biologist and allowed to escape unimpeded.
- BR-7 During the site-disturbance and/or construction phase, any pipes, culverts, or similar structures with a diameter of four inches or greater, stored overnight at the project site shall be thoroughly inspected for trapped San Joaquin kit foxes before the subject pipe is subsequently buried, capped, or otherwise used or moved in any way. If during the construction phase a kit fox is discovered inside a pipe, that section of pipe will not be moved, or if necessary, be moved only once to remove it from the path of activity, until the kit fox has escaped.
- BR-8 During the site-disturbance and/or construction phase, all food-related trash items such as wrappers, cans, bottles, and food scraps generated shall be disposed of in closed containers only and regularly removed from the site. Food items may attract San Joaquin kit foxes onto the project site, consequently exposing such animals to increased risk of injury or mortality. No deliberate feeding of wildlife shall be allowed.



- BR-9 Prior to, during, and after the site-disturbance and/or construction phase, use of pesticides or herbicides shall be in compliance with all local, state and federal regulations. This is necessary to minimize the probability of primary or secondary poisoning of endangered species utilizing adjacent habitats, and the depletion of prey upon which San Joaquin kit foxes depend.
- BR-10 During the site-disturbance and/or construction phase, any contractor or employee that inadvertently kills or injures a San Joaquin kit fox or who finds any such animal either dead, injured, or entrapped shall be required to report the incident immediately to the applicant and County. In the event that any observations are made of injured or dead kit fox, the applicant shall immediately notify the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the Department by telephone (see contact information below). In addition, formal notification shall be provided in writing within three working days of the finding of any such animal(s). Notification shall include the date, time, location and circumstances of the incident. Any threatened or endangered species found dead or injured shall be turned over immediately to the Department for care, analysis, or disposition.
- **BR-11 Prior to final inspection, or occupancy, whichever comes first,** should any long internal or perimeter fencing be proposed or installed, the applicant shall do the following to provide for kit fox passage:
 - a. If a wire strand/pole design is used, the lowest strand shall be no closer to the ground than 12"
 - b. If a more solid wire mesh fence is used, 8" x 12" openings near the ground shall be provided every 100 yards.

Upon fence installation, the applicant shall notify the County to verify proper installation. Any fencing constructed after issuance of a final permit shall follow the above guidelines.

Contact Information

California Department of Fish and Game Central Coast Region P.O. Box 47 Yountville, CA 94599 (805) 528-8670 (805) 772-4318

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Ventura Field Office 2493 Portola Road, Suite B Ventura, CA 93003 (805) 644-1766

County of San Luis Obispo
Department of Planning and Building
Division of Environmental and Resource Management
County Government Center, Room 310
San Luis Obispo, CA 93408
ATTN: Ms. Julie Eliason
(805) 781-5029

Wastewater

WW-1 Prior to issuance of building permits, the applicant shall submit to the County Environmental Health Division the results of soil boring and percolation tests in the proposed leach field location showing adequate slope, percolation rates, and depth to bedrock, or plans for an engineered system.

DEVELOPER'S STATEMENT FOR THE ANDERSON LOT LINE ADJUSTMENT; COAL05-0049

The applicant agrees to incorporate the following measures into the project. These measures become a part to the project description and therefore become a part of the record of action upon which the environmental determination is based. All construction/grading activity must occur in strict compliance with the following mitigation measures. These measures shall be perpetual and run with the land. These measures are binding on all successors in interest of the subject property.

Note: The items contained in the boxes labeled "Monitoring" describe the County procedures to be used to ensure compliance with the mitigation measures.

AESTHETICS

- V-1 Prior to issuance of construction permit, the applicant shall submit a color board for review and approval by the Department of Planning and Building/Division of Environmental and Resource Management. All exterior colors shall be less than 6 in chroma and value meet the following criteria:
 - a) Water tank colors shall be dark-green or black;
 - b) Exterior wall colors shall be limited to muted earth tones; and
 - c) Roof colors shall be limited to deep earth tones, deep muted reds, browns and grays.

Monitoring: The Planning and Building Department shall verify receipt of required plans and materials.

V-2 Prior to final inspection, the applicant shall implement the approved color board.

Monitoring: The Planning and Building Department shall verify compliance.

V-3 Prior to issuance of construction permit, the applicant shall submit a final landscaping plan showing the use of native, drought-tolerant vegetation to screen at least 50% of all proposed structures, including water tanks, from all viewpoints on Highway 229 within three (3) years. The plan shall identify the species, size and location of all proposed vegetation and proposed means of irrigation. The plan shall be prepared by a licensed architect, licensed landscape architect, licensed landscape contractor or certified nurseryperson.

Monitoring: The Planning and Building Department shall verify receipt of required plans and materials.

V-4 Prior to final inspection, the applicant shall implement the approved landscaping plan.

JUL 1 1 2005

Date: DRAFT

Date: <u>DRAFT</u>

This mitigation alternative (a.), requires that all aspects of this program must be in place before County permit issuance or initiation of any ground disturbing activities.

b. Deposit funds into an approved in-lieu fee program, which would provide for the protection in perpetuity of suitable habitat in the kit fox corridor area within San Luis Obispo County, and provide for a non-wasting endowment for management and monitoring of the property in perpetuity.

Mitigation alternative (b) above, can be completed by providing funds to The Nature Conservancy (TNC), pursuant to the Voluntary Fee-based Compensatory Mitigation Program (Program). The Program was established in agreement between the Department and TNC to preserve San Joaquin kit fox habitat, and to provide a voluntary mitigation alternative to project proponents who must mitigate the impacts of projects in accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). The fee, payable to "The Nature Conservancy", would be based on the total area of disturbance from project activities multiplied by \$2,500 per acre. This fee must be paid after the Department provides written notification identifying your mitigation options but prior to County permit issuance and initiation of any ground disturbing activities.

c. Purchase credits in a Department-approved conservation bank, which would provide for the protection in perpetuity of suitable habitat within the kit fox corridor area and provide for a non-wasting endowment for management and monitoring of the property in perpetuity.

At this time, there is no approved conservation bank that is operational in San Luis Obispo County. A conservation bank is expected to be operational in the near future. Purchase of credits must be completed prior to County permit issuance and initiation of any ground disturbing activities.

d. If none of the above measures (a, b, or c) are available, the applicant may enter into a Mitigation Agreement with the Department, including depositing of funds into an escrow account (or other means of securing funds acceptable to the Department) which would ensure the protection in perpetuity of suitable habitat within the kit fox corridor area and provide for a non-wasting endowment for management and monitoring in perpetuity. The Department can provide a draft agreement to review; a signed Mitigation Agreement shall be submitted to the County prior to County permit issuance and initiation of any ground disturbing activities.

Monitoring: Required prior to issuance of a grading and/or construction permit. Compliance will be verified by the County Division of Environmental and Resource Management.

BR-2 Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permits, or conducting any grading associated with map/certificate recordation, the applicant shall provide evidence to the County that they have retained a qualified biologist acceptable to the County Division of Environmental and Resource Management. The retained biologist shall perform the following monitoring activities:



Date: DRAFT

- 2. All foot and vehicle traffic, as well as all construction activities, including storage of supplies and equipment, shall remain outside of exclusion zones. Exclusion zones shall be maintained until all project-related disturbances have been terminated, and then shall be removed.
- 3. If kit foxes or known or potential kit fox dens are found on site, daily monitoring during ground disturbing activities shall be required by a qualified biologist.
- BR-3 Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permits, or approval of any improvement plans related to map/certificate recordation, the applicant shall clearly delineate as a note on the project plans, that: "Speeds signs of 25 mph maximum (or lower) shall be posted for all construction traffic, to minimize the probability of road mortality of the San Joaquin kit fox." Speed limit signs shall be installed on the project site within 30 days prior to initiation of site disturbance and/or construction. In addition, prior to permit issuance and initiation of any ground disturbing activities, or any grading associated with map/certificate recordation, conditions BR-3 through BR-11 of the Developer's Statement/Conditions of Approval shall be clearly delineated on project plans.
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Environmental Determination: ED04-494

6-39

Date: DRAFT

Contact Information

California Department of Fish and Game Central Coast Region P.O. Box 47 Yountville, CA 94599 (805) 528-8670 (805) 772-4318 U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Ventura Field Office 2493 Portola Road, Suite B Ventura, CA 93003 (805) 644-1766

County of San Luis Obispo
Department of Planning and Building
Division of Environmental and Resource Management
County Government Center, Room 310
San Luis Obispo, CA 93408
ATTN: Ms. Julie Eliason
(805) 781-5029

Monitoring: The Department of Planning and Building shall verify compliance.

WASTEWATER

WW-1 Prior to issuance of building permits, the applicant shall submit to the County Environmental Health Division the results of soil boring and percolation tests in the proposed leach field location showing adequate slope, percolation rates, and depth to bedrock, or plans for an engineered system.

Monitoring: The Department of Planning and Building, in consultation with the Division of Environmental Health shall verify required elements on plans.

The applicant understands that any changes made to the project subsequent to this environmental determination must be reviewed by the Environmental Coordinator and may require a new environmental determination for the project. By signing this agreement, the owner(s) agrees to and accepts the incorporation of the above measures into the proposed project description.

Signature of Owner(s)

Date



COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO

Department of Agriculture/Measurement Standards

2156 SIERRA WAY, SUITE A • SAN LUIS OBISPO, CALIFORNIA 93401-4556

ROBERT F. LILLEY

AGRICULTURAL COMMISSIONER/SEALER

(805) 781-5910

FAX (805) 781-1035

AgCommSLO@co.slo.ca.us

DATE:

April 18, 2005

TO:

Nick Forester, Project Manager

FROM:

Lynda L. Auchinachie, Agriculture Department

SUBJECT:

Anderson Lot Line Adjustment SUB2004-00275 (1014)

Comments

The applicant proposes to change the configuration of two existing non-conforming parcels of approximately 79 and 43 acres to 82 and 40 acres each. The project site is located on Calle Las Colinas, west of the community of Creston. The project site is within the Agriculture land use category and is not currently developed with agricultural uses. Two residences and driveways are located on existing Parcel 1, while an agricultural accessory structure and a residential building pad are located on Parcel 2. The site consists primarily Class II irrigated and Class IV soils with approximately 16 acres of Class II soils on existing Parcel 1 and three acres on Parcel 2. In general, the topography is relatively flat along the southern boundary of the site with hills increasing in steepness towards the north.

The project site is adjacent to properties within the Agriculture land use category ranging in size from approximately 20 to 120 acres. Rangeland, hay production, and vineyards are the predominate agricultural uses in the area.

The Lot Line Adjustment (LLA) of these non-conforming parcels is requested to allow for the existing residences to be on separate parcels and to create parcels that more closely reflect the topography and access to the site improving the agricultural potential of the proposed parcels.

The Agriculture Department's considers the proposal to be **equal to/ better than** the existing parcel configuration because the resulting parcels consist of resources that provide for similar/improved agricultural opportunities when compared to the existing configuration. This determination is based on a comparison of the proposed and existing parcels when considering potential long-term impacts to agricultural resources and operations.

Comments are based on current departmental objectives to conserve agricultural resources and to provide for public health, safety and welfare, while mitigating negative impacts of development to agriculture.

If you have questions, please call 781-5914.



WEBSITE: http://www.slocoplanbldg.com





EMAIL: planning@co.slo.ca.us

VICTOR HOLANDA, AICP DIRECTOR

	THIS IS A NEW PROJECT REFERRAL	
DATE:	3/11/05	
From	PW	
FROM	NORTH Co. TEAM (Please direct response to the above) Development Review Section (Phone: 188-2009) SUB 2004-00275 Project Name and Number COAL 05-0049 **OR ASK THE SWITCH- BOARD FOR THE PLANNERS	
project de acre pa Locate	SCRIPTION: LLA -> between 2 parcels. (1)-43.39	
Return this lette	er with your comments attached no later than: $\frac{3/28/05}{}$	
<u>PART I</u>	IS THE ATTACHED INFORMATION ADEQUATE FOR YOU TO DO YOUR REVIEW? YES NO	
PART II	ARE THERE SIGNIFICANT CONCERNS, PROBLEMS OR IMPACTS IN YOUR AREA OF REVIEW? NO (Please go on to Part III) YES (Please describe impacts, along with recommended mitigation measures to	
PART III	reduce the impacts to less-than-significant levels, and attach to this letter.) INDICATE YOUR RECOMMENDATION FOR FINAL ACTION. Please attach any conditions of approval you recommend to be incorporated into the project's approval, or state reasons for recommending denial. IF YOU HAVE "NO COMMENT," PLEASE INDICATE	
NO TITLE REPORT. H APPEAUS TENT & ROAD DrINEWON, FOLLOWS GROUDED LOT LINE NEED A ZO FT MIN. ACCESS EASEMENT OVER ROAD. FLOOD HOZ AVER MEDS		
to be shown AS BIDG RESTRICTION ON CERTS OF FINAL MAPS.		
ZZ MARCH Z Date	Name S262 Phone	
M:\PI-Forms\Project I	Refettal - #216 Word.doc Revised 4/4/03 OUNTY GOVERNMENT CENTER • SAN LUIS OBISPO • CALIFORNIA 93408 • (805) 781-5600	

FAX: (805) 781-1242

APPLICATION TY	PE CHECK ALL THAT APPLY		
	☐ Parcel Map ☐ Road Abandonment	☐ Sending Site	☐ Other
· ·	☐ Tract Map ☐ Reversion to Acreage	Receiving Site	Road Naming/Addressing
ya Lui Line Adjustmem	Condominium (new or conversion)	Preliminary Determination	_
APPLICANT INFO		COAL OF	,
🛛 Landowner Name 🚣 🖊	derson family T	Trust Daytime F	Phone: 237-944-1
Mailing Address <u>POB</u>	ox 187 Creston	CA	Zp: 9343Z
☐ Applicant Name		Daytime F	Phone:
Mailing Address			Zip:
	EMK & ASSOCIATES, INC. 1005 RAILROAD STREET	Daytime F	hone: 238-5427
Mailing Address	PASO ROBLES, CA 93446 (805) 238-5427		Zip:
PROPERTY INFOR	•		
	25 AC+ Assessor Parcel Number(s):	043-051-026	
Legal Description: Parce	als per certs of	= Comp 1999-	097207 8 087208
	Calle Las Colinas		
	rst with name of road providing primary access to the		
From Huy	229, Turn West j	ust S, of Lo	ading Chute
Describe current uses, existing str	ructures, and other improvements and vegetation on t	the property:	
Ag Barn, 2	2 res, under const	, open histo	oric Agfields
PROPOSED PROJ		, . .	
	s. size of all proposed parcels):	ine Adi	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
LEGAL DECLARA	TION		
	rty have completed this form accurately and declare t	hat all statement here are true. I	do hereby grant official representatives
of the county authorization to inspe	ct the subject property.		
Property owner signature	in ludeum	Date	3-10-05
Troperty owner signature 4 24	y Charles		32700
OFFICE USE ONLY			
Date Received:	By: Receipt No.:	Use Group?	
Planning Area: ECPC Land Use Category:	Community Code: Combining Design	[] "A" U	se [] "S" Use
Coastal Zone: [] In [10ut En		Addressing	·
Comments:		Planner:	P Date: 3/11/05
		V 1	/ Revised 07/02/01



SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND BUILDING

	DECEVICION DIRECTOR			
ORISFO.	THIS IS A NEW PROJECT REFERRAL MAR 1 4 2005			
DATE:	3/11/05 ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH			
TO:	Ent. Health Hnderson			
FROM:	NORTH Co. TEAM (Please direct response to the above) SUB 2604-00275 Project Name and Number COAL 05-0049			
	Development Review Section (Phone: 788-2009) *OR ASK THE SWITCH- (BOARD FOR THE PLANNER)			
PROJECT D	ESCRIPTION: LLA -> between 2 parcels. (1)-43.39			
acre po	rcel & (1)-78.86 acre paral. APN: 043-051-026.			
Locate	& off Calle Las Colinas / Cressey 8+ in Creston.			
Return this letter with your comments attached no later than: $\frac{3}{28}/05$				
PART I	IS THE ATTACHED INFORMATION ADEQUATE FOR YOU TO DO YOUR REVIEW?			
	YES NO			
PART II	ARE THERE SIGNIFICANT CONCERNS, PROBLEMS OR IMPACTS IN YOUR AREA OF REVIEW?			
	NO (Please go on to Part III) YES (Please describe impacts, along with recommended mitigation measures to reduce the impacts to less-than-significant levels, and attach to this letter.)			
<u>PART III</u>	INDICATE YOUR RECOMMENDATION FOR FINAL ACTION. Please attach any conditions of approval you recommend to be incorporated into the project's approval, or state reasons for recommending denial. IF YOU HAVE "NO COMMENT," PLEASE INDICATE			
Environ	neutal Health's concerns with moving the lot line			
in The	it the existing septic septem and leach line			
remain on the parcel they will serve.				
,	7 -			
3/22/0	- Kami Sel 781-5551			
Date	Name Phone			

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Revised 4/4/03

COUNTY GOVERNMENT CENTER

San Luis Obispo

California 93408

• (805) 781-5600